# New Era of Healthcare in Hong Kong

Overview of eHR Development in Hong Kong 9 Mar 2016



# 1990+

**Departmental Systems** 

# 1996 Clinical Functions

# 2000

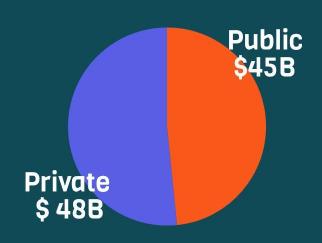
## **Electronic Patient Record**

# 2006 PPI-ePR

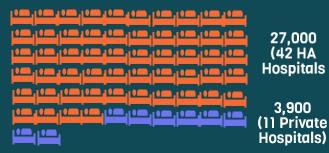
# 2016 13 Mar 2016

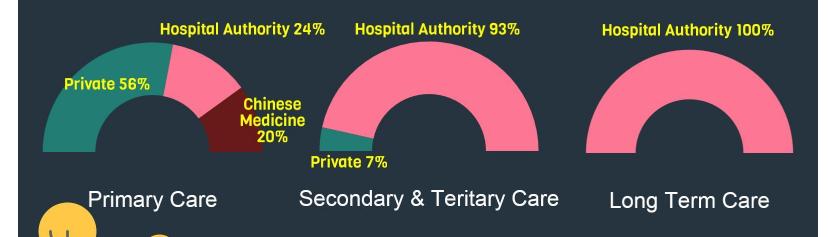


# **HK Healthcare Systems**



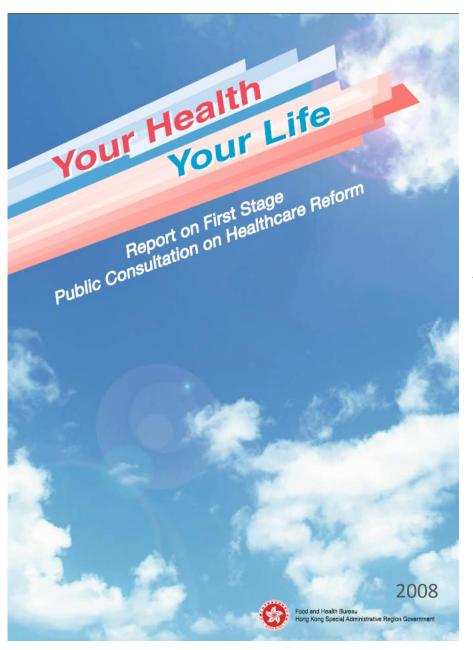
#### **Hospital Beds**





# 21st Century Health Challenges

- 1. Aging population
- 2. Health expenditure
- 3. Scare health resources
- 4. Quality and safety issues
- 5. Efficiency improvement
- 6. Technological advancement
- 7. Public and private partnership



#### "Building a Healthy Tomorrow"

(2005) – Territory-wide patient record system enable better access to patients' records to facilitate future service model which emphasizes primary care, better use of healthcare resources and enable transfer of patients between public and public sectors

"Your Health Your Life" (2008) Government take the lead in the
development of the infrastructure for
sharing electronic health records in
both the public and private sectors

Develop a territory-wide electronic health record sharing system, which save medical costs, minimize errors and safeguard patients' health...

This electronic system will underpin the **reform** of our primary healthcare services...



# Electronic Health Record Sharing System (eHRSS)



# **Government led project**



# **Opt-In Model**

PracticalityThe Essence of eHealth Record Sharing System

Dr Hon Leung Ka-lau Legislative Councillor (Medical)



# **Standard-based Sharing**



eHealth Solutions in Practice

To allow different healthcare IT systems to communicate via the eHR Sharing System, standards such as clinical terminologies and technical specification must be established.

Mr Michael Fung: Chief Systems Manager (eHR), Hospital Authority

# 4 Steps for Meaningful Data Sharing

Computer -isation

Standardisation Willing to Use

Willing to Share

## **Voluntary Participation**

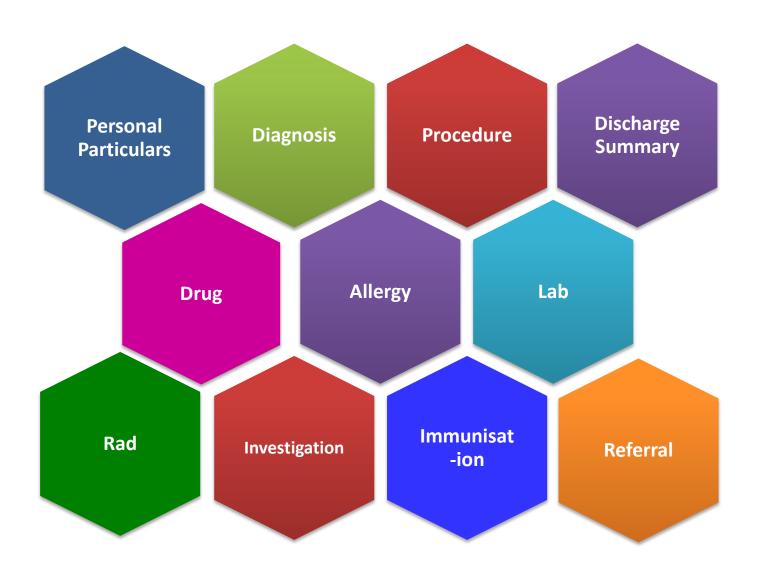
Participation in eHR sharing should be based on the patient's Express and Informed Consent and on a Voluntary Basis



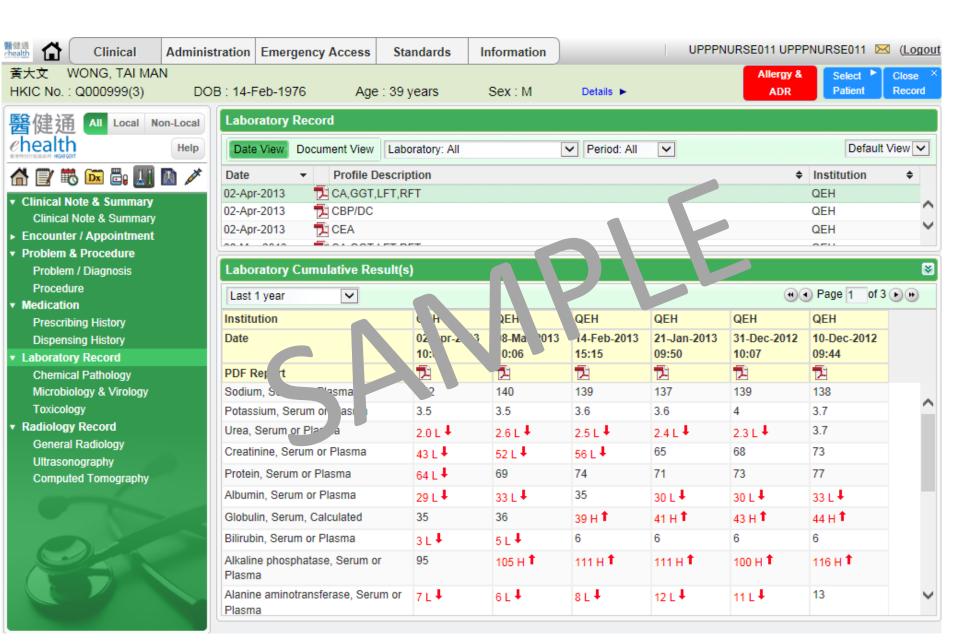
Relationship-based Consent Model



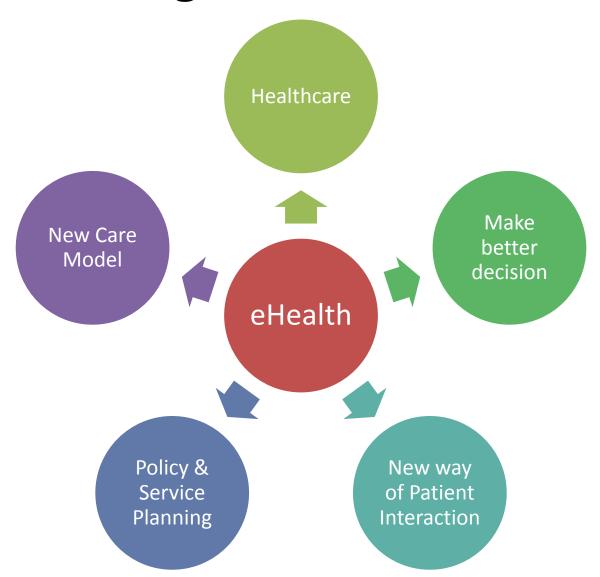
## **Sharable Data**



### **Electronic Health Record**



## Meaningful Use of eHealth



# CMS On-ramp in Practice

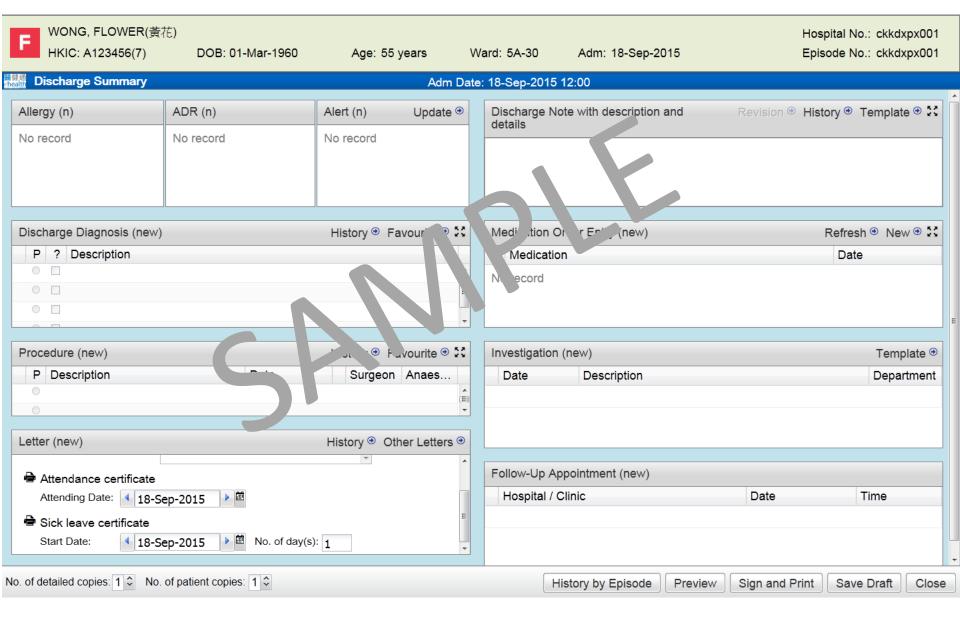
The overall workflow in the outpatient department has been very smooth and efficient with the implementation of CMS On-ramp.

Dr Anne Kwan

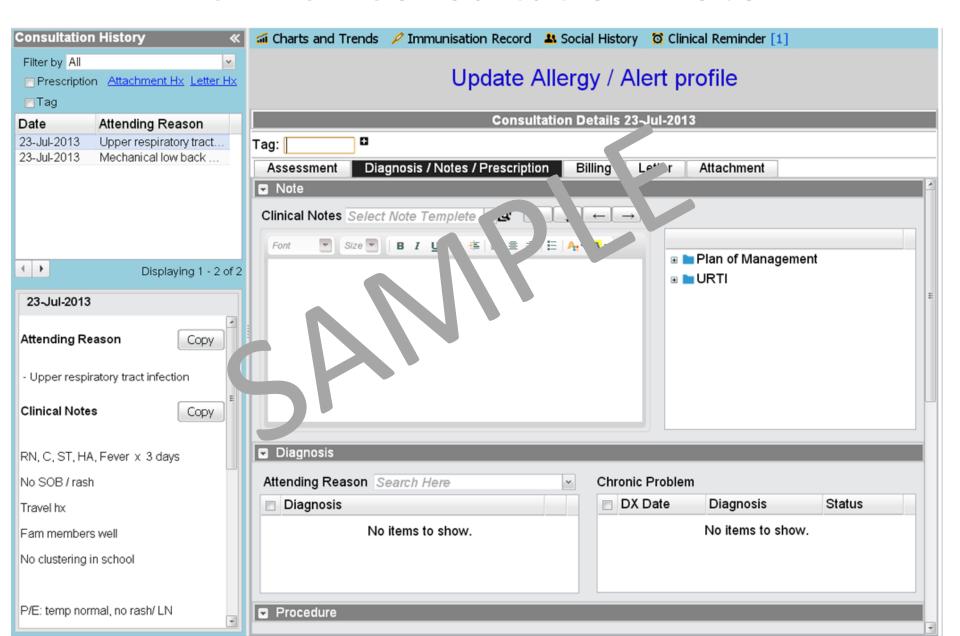
**Ex-Hospital Superintendent of Evangel Hospital** 



# **Hospital - Discharge Summary**



### **Clinic - Consultation Note**







# Patients' Support and Concerns over eHealth Record Sharing

Mr Pang Hung-cheong

Community Organiser of Society for Community Organisation



With the eHR Sharing System in place, the transparency of diagnosis will be enhanced, which unquestionably is in patients' favour.

Prof Fok Tai-fai:

Pro-Vice-Chancellor and Professor of Paediatrics Chinese University of Hong Kong

# Public-Private Interface—Electronic Patient Record Sharing Pilot Project (PPI-ePR)

- Launched in April 2006
- Sharing of clinical information between HA and private sector
- Utmost importance for success of PPP
- A prelude to eHR



### 普通科門診公私營協作計劃

**General Outpatient Clinic Public-Private Partnership Programme** 

於觀塘 黃大仙 屯門<sub>推行</sub> Pilot Kwun Tong Wong Tai Sin Tuen Mun

#### 計劃對象

- ▶ 醫管局普通科門診病人
- ▶ 病情穩定的高血壓(或附帶高血脂症)患者
- ▶ 計劃稍後會延伸至糖尿病患者
- 合資格的病人將收到醫管局的邀請信, 病人無需自行申請

#### **Target Patients**

- HA GOPC patients
- Clinically stable patients having hypertension with or without hyperlipidemia
- To invite patients with diabetes mellitus in later phase
- Eligible patients will receive invitation letters from HA and do not need to apply by themselves

#### 計劃特點

- ▶ 病人可從參加計劃的私家醫生名單中揀選一位作為家庭醫生
- 每年十次資助門診服務,包括慢性疾病和偶發性疾病的診症及其相關的藥物
- 可經參加計劃的私家醫生轉介接受由醫管局提供特定的相關化驗和X光檢查服務

#### **Programme Features**

- Patient can select a private doctor from the participating private doctor list as family doctor
- Up to 10 subsidised consultations per year, including consultations and drugs for treating chronic conditions and episodic illnesses
- Relevant investigations will be provided by HA as specified through participating private doctors' referral





Same fee as for

**HA GOPC service** 



#### 縮短病人手術輪候時間

Shorter waiting time

#### 一次過定額資助5,000港元予每宗由私家醫生進行的白內障手術

A one-off, maximum subsidy of \$5,000 to patients for cataract surgery provided by private ophthalmologists.

#### 獲邀參加病人 Invited Target

現正於醫院管理局輪候白內障手術, 而又被診斷為適合接受 局部麻醉手術的非急症白內障病人。

> Patients who are currently on Hospital Authority hospitals' routine waiting lists for cateract surgery for the longest period and only require local anaesthesia cateract surgery.

#### 邀請過程 Invitation Process

醫院管理局分階段發信 激請等候最長時間的病人參加。

注意:病人毋需自行申請。

HA shall issue invitation letters to invite patients in batches, according to their waiting time.

Note: There is no need for patients to apply on themselves.

# The secret of getting ahead is getting Started "

- Mark Twain

# Regulations & Best Practice For Using eHRSS

# Electronic Health Record Sharing System Ordinance (Cap 625)

Legislation



## **Legal Protection of Security & Privacy**

## Security 保安

 protection of the system and the data from malicious attacks and exploitation



## Privacy 私隱

Right to have control over how one's personal information is collected and used



## Duty of Confidentiality 保密責任

 Set of rules of behavior and principles to limit or restrict access to information



# **eHRSS Ordinance (Cap 625)**

- 1. Establishment of System
- 2. Registration of Healthcare Recipient
- 3. Sharing Consent
- 4. Sharing Restriction
- 5. Registration of Healthcare Provider
- 6. Use of eHR
- 7. Procedures for Use of Identifiable Data
- 8. Procedures for Use of Non-identifiable Data
- 9. Safeguards for Access to eHR
- 10. Application to data or information that is personal data under PDPO
- 11. Offences

# **eHRSS Ordinance (Cap 625)**

An Ordinance to provide for the establishment of the eHRSS, the sharing and using of data and information and protection of system, data and information

# **Sharing**

Sharing means providing or obtaining any sharable data through the System

## Uses of eHR

- Healthcare
- 2. Research and Statistics
- 3. Disease control and surveillance
- 4. Use permitted by or under any other law

# Joining Consent 參與同意

For eHR Commissioner to share the person's sharable data in eHRSS, for healthcare and referral purpose, with any prescribed HCP to whom the person or the person's SDM has given a sharing consent

## Sharing Consent 互通同意

For Healthcare Provider to share data in eHRSS, and can share it with another prescribed HCP for healthcare referral purpose

# Eligible SDM 代決人

Persons incapable of giving consent	Persons who may act as SDM
Minor (below 16 years old)	<ol> <li>Parents</li> <li>Guardian</li> <li>Persons appointed by court to manage the affairs of the HCR</li> <li>Family Members or person residing with the HCR</li> <li>HCP</li> </ol>
HCR who is not a minor (above 16 years old)	<ol> <li>Guardian</li> <li>Director of Social Welfare or any other person under MHO*</li> <li>Persons appointed by court to manage the affairs of the HCR</li> <li>Family Members or person residing with the HCR</li> <li>HCP</li> </ol>

### **HCP Registration**

Provide healthcare at one service location in HK

- Hospitals, Nursing Homes and Maturity Homes
- Medical Clinics
- Dentists
- Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons)
- Residential Care Homes (Persons with Disabilities)
- A specified entity that engages a healthcare professional to perform healthcare

# Need-to-Know & Patient-Under-Care "有需要知道" "病人下接受其護理"

HCP must take reasonable steps to ensure access to any health data of the HCR is restricted to

- a healthcare professional who may perform healthcare and
- 2. that may be relevant for performing healthcare

# Code of Practice 實務守則

#### Regulations for Use of eHRSS

Legislation

**Code of Practice, Policy, Procedures & Guidelines** 

Standards & Specification

#### Purpose of the COP

- 1. Provide good practice and recommendations
- 2. Facilitate understanding of operation and requirements
- 3. Guide use of eHRSS in secure and proper manner

#### **Overview of COP**

- 1. Registration of HCP
- 2. Handling registration of HCR
- 3. Obtain HCR's consent for eHR access
- 4. Manage HCS's user account
- 5. Manage HCP's own clinical records
- 6. Ensure general system security
- 7. Make data sharing to eHRSS secured
- 8. Handing DAR and DCR
- 9. Maintaining user account
- 10. Update records for eHR sharing
- 11. Points to note before accessing eHR
- 12. Points to note when viewing and using eHR
- 13. Respect confidentiality of HCR's information
- 14. Enquires and assistance

#### **Healthcare Provider**

- 1. Registration as HCPs in eHRSS
  - Participate on voluntary basis
  - Observe Conditions of Registration and COP
- 2. Handling of registration of HCR
  - Handling registration and personal data and HCR requiring SDM
- 3. Obtaining HCR's consent for eHRSS
  - Obtain express and informed consent

#### **Healthcare Provider**

- 4. HCP to manage healthcare staff's user account
  - Create and update staff accounts
  - Assign staff access to eHRSS on "need-to-know" and "patient-under-care" principles
- 5. HCP's own clinical records and sharing of eHR
  - Maintain clear and updated clinical records
  - eHR is not a replacement of HCP's own health records
  - Upload and share if the information is readily and electronically available and within sharable scope as soon as possible

#### **Healthcare Provider**

- 6. Ensure general system security
  - System security guideline and practices and prevention of unauthorised access
- 7. Ensure data sharing to eHRSS secure
  - Comply with standards, policies and requirements for security and data sharing
- 8. DAR and DCR
  - Follow guidelines by eHRC and PCPD

#### **Healthcare Professional**

#### 1. User account

- HCP to open and maintain user accounts
- Professionals to provide professional registration information for verification
- 2. Points to note before accessing HCR's eHR
  - Professional judgment to interpret information in eHRSS
  - Emergency access when needed

#### **Healthcare Professional**

- 3. Points to note when viewing and using eHR
  - Interpret with care
  - Not a substitute for personal communication
- 4. Respect confidentiality
  - Duty of confidentiality of information

# Trust Protection Participation

